

Missouri (MO) (10 votes)

Capital: **Jefferson City**
 Area: **69,715 sq mi. / 180,560 sq km**
 Population: **6,160,281**
 Nickname: **"Show Me State"**
 State motto: **"Let the good of the people be the supreme law"**
 Governor: **Mike Parson (R)**
 U.S. Senators: **Josh Hawley (R), Eric Schmitt (R)**



Wikimedia Commons

How will your state vote?

Predicting a vote is a challenging task. Political researchers have different opinions on how to predict an election outcome. Different formulas and methods are used, however none is perfect. Each prediction is a snapshot of the voters' opinion at a certain point in time. But with election issues and current events changing so fast, it is quite a challenge to have an accurate prediction of how the election will turn out. In the 2020 election, most political pundits and polls before Election Day accurately estimated that Democratic candidate Joe Biden would receive more votes than the Republican candidate and former President Donald J. Trump. However, Biden's victory in the Electoral College was narrower than predicted because the polls overstated Biden's support relative to Trump.

What are the most common predictors to determine how citizens will vote? Socio-economic factors are among the most important ones. They include, but are not limited to, citizens' education, income, and ethnicity. While these are often mentioned as decisive, others are important to consider as well. For example, many Americans cast their vote based on a single issue like health care, women's reproductive rights, the economy, or the environment. These voters choose their preferred candidate based on the issue most important to their identity, their social network, or personal biography, for example religious affiliation, ideology, or health. Americans also often cast their vote in a local context and are influenced by political and social issues affecting their own state. Finally, calculating voter turnout is key to an accurate prediction.

Some key variables for predicting the election outcome



Voting history

How have people in the state voted in the past? Is the state solidly red, blue, or purple? What is the expected turnout?



Ethnicity

What ethnic group does a citizen belong to? What is the ethnic make-up of the state?



Religion

How important is religion to the citizens? How often do they pray or attend worship service?



Economy

What's the current economic situation in the state? How many citizens live in poverty? How many are without a job?



Income inequality

How wide is the gap between wealthy and poor people? How much income does the top 1% in the state take home?



Education

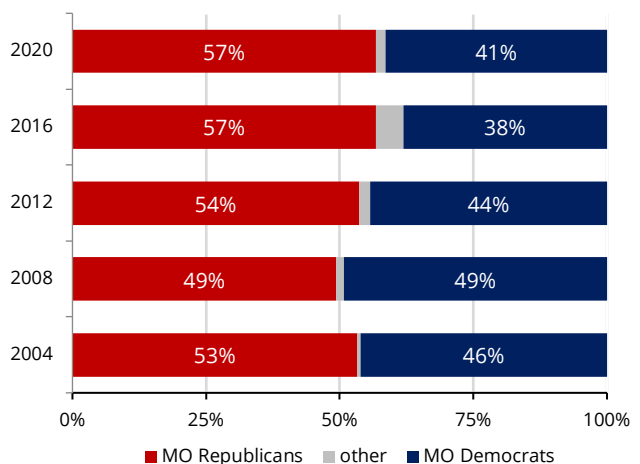
How many people graduate from high school in your state? How many have a college degree?

Voting history ^[2]

Missouri has, until recently, been a true battleground state with amazing historical accuracy at voting for the ultimate election winner.

From 1904 through 2004, Missourians got it wrong just once in 1956. In 2008, the streak ended when Obama lost to McCain by the slenderest of margins, 49.4% to 49.3%. Obama lost here again in 2012, this time by 9.5%. Donald Trump easily won both times he was on the ballot, most recently defeating Joe Biden by over 15% in 2020. As 2020 marked the sixth consecutive Republican win, it is becoming a reliable state for the GOP in presidential elections. Population growth has been slower in recent decades than the country as a whole, resulting in declining electoral influence. From a peak of 18 electoral votes, Missouri has been reduced to 10 today.

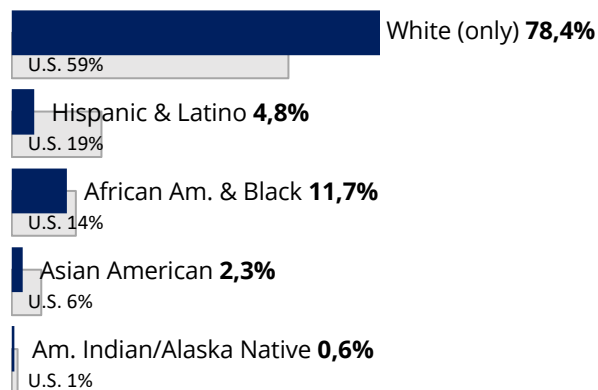
Election results in Missouri (2004-2020): ^[2]



Voter turnout 2020:



Ethnicity ^[3]



(U.S. average in grey)

Religion ^[4]

MO is the **15th** most religious state overall

60% of adults in MO are "highly religious," based on an overall index

Religious profile of Missouri

56% (17th) say religion is very important in their lives

37% (18th) say they attend worship at least weekly

59% (15th) say they pray daily

70% (12th) say they believe in God w/ absolute certainty

Economy ^[5]

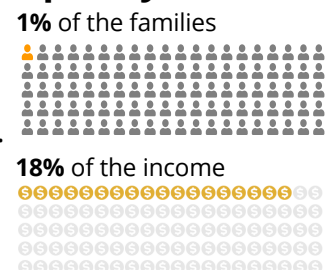
13.2% (16th highest) poverty rate

3.3% (23rd lowest) unemployment rate

Income inequality ^[6]

The **top 1%** take home **18% of all the income in MO.**

(U.S. average: 21%)

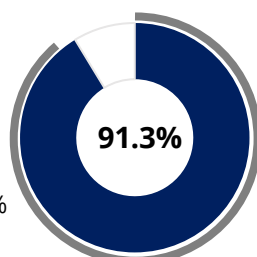


Education ^[3]

High school degree or higher

persons 25+ yrs. old

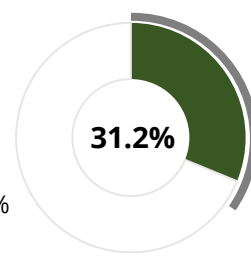
U.S. average (grey): 89.1%



Bachelor's degree or higher

persons 25+ yrs. old

U.S. average (grey): 34.3%



More information on Missouri*



State information

Official state website: <http://www.mo.gov/>



Media



Missouri Political News:

<https://www.politico.com/news/missouri>



Missouri Politics Podcasts:

https://podcasts.feedspot.com/missouri_political_podcasts/



Democrats and Republicans in the state

Democratic Party



<http://missouridemocrats.org/>



www.youtube.com/@missouridemocrats5952



<https://twitter.com/MoDemParty>



<https://www.instagram.com/modemparty/>



no official site

Republican Party

<https://www.missouri.gop/>

no active site

<https://twitter.com/MissouriGOP>

<https://www.instagram.com/missourigop/>

no official site

* Please note, these are third-party resources, Teach About U.S. is not responsible for this content.

Sources:

1. State map: [Wikimedia Commons](#)
2. Voting history text: adapted from 270towin.com
3. Ethnicity, economy, and education data: [U.S. Census Bureau](#)
4. Religion data: [Pew poll: How religious is your state?](#)
5. Poverty and unemployment rate: [Poverty Rates by State](#) & [Unemployment Statistics Map](#)
6. Wealth and income inequality data: [Economic Policy Institute – The Unequal States of America](#)