



Florida (FL) (29 votes)

Capital: **Tallahassee**
 Area: **65,757 sq mi. / 170,312 sq km**
 Population: **21,299,325**
 Nickname: **"The Sunshine State"**
 State motto: **"In God We Trust"**
 Governor: **Ron DeSantis (R)**
 U.S. Senators: **Marco Rubio (R),
 Rick Scott (R)**



How will your state vote?

Predicting a vote is a challenging task. Political researchers have different opinions on how to predict an election outcome. Different formulas and methods are used, however none is perfect. Each prediction is a snapshot of the voters' opinion at a certain point in time. But with election issues and current events changing so fast, it is quite a challenge to have an accurate prediction of how the election will turn out. In the 2016 election, most political pundits and polls before Election Day had Democratic candidate Hillary Clinton in the lead. Yet, while Clinton won the majority of the popular vote, the Republican candidate Donald J. Trump won the Electoral College votes of key swing states and thus the Presidency.

What are the most common predictors to determine how citizens will vote? Socio-economic factors are among the most important ones. They include, but are not limited to, citizens' education, income, and ethnicity. While these are often mentioned as decisive, others are important to consider as well. For example, many Americans cast their vote based on a single issue like health care, women's reproductive rights, the economy, or the environment. These voters choose their preferred candidate based on the issue most important to their identity, their social network, or personal biography, for example religious affiliation, ideology, or health. Americans also often cast their vote in a local context and are influenced by political and social issues affecting their own state. Finally, calculating voter turnout is key to an accurate prediction.

Some key variables for predicting the election outcome



Voting history

How have people in the state voted in the past? Is the state solidly red, blue, or purple? What is the expected turnout?



Ethnicity

What ethnic group does a citizen belong to? What is the ethnic make-up of the state?



Religion

How important is religion to the citizens? How often do they pray or attend worship service?



Economy

What's the current economic situation in the state? How many citizens live in poverty? How many are without a job?



Income inequality

How wide is the gap between wealthy and poor people? How much income does the top 1% in the state take home?



Education

How many people graduate from high school in your state? How many have a college degree?

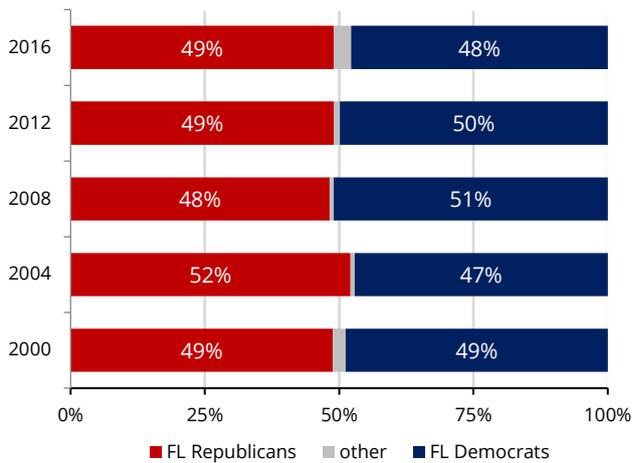


Voting history ^[2]

Florida has 29 electoral votes, tied for third most in the country.

Influxes of Cubans, retirees, service workers to the theme park economy booming near Orlando and other groups have resulted in a state much more diversified – both economically and politically – than many of its southern brethren. As a result, although leaning slightly Republican, Florida is today seen as perhaps the ultimate battleground state, its population a microcosm of the country as a whole. In 2012, Florida was the only state decided by less than 1%, with Barack Obama besting Mitt Romney 50.0% to 49.1%. 2016 was almost as close, with Donald Trump edging Hillary Clinton by 1.2%. Except for 1992, when it sided with incumbent George Bush, the state has voted with the winner in every presidential election since 1964.

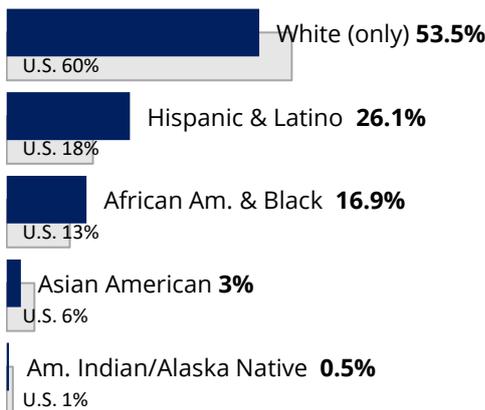
Election results in Florida (2000–2016): ^[3]



Voter turnout 2016:



Ethnicity ^[4]



(U.S. average in grey)



Religion ^[5]

FL is tied for 22nd most religious state overall

54% of adults in FL are "highly religious," based on an overall index

Religious profile of Florida

53% (20th) say religion is very important in their lives

35% (25th) say they attend worship at least weekly

56% (17th) say they pray daily

64% (21st) say they believe in God w/ absolute certainty



Economy ^[4]

14.5% (17th highest) poverty rate

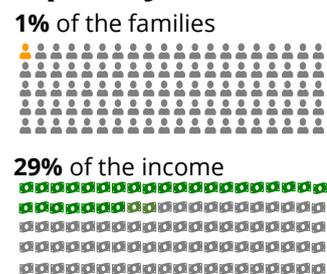
3.4% (19th lowest) unemployment rate



Income inequality ^[6]

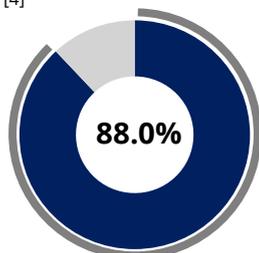
The top 1% take home 29% of all the income in FL.

(U.S. average: 21%)

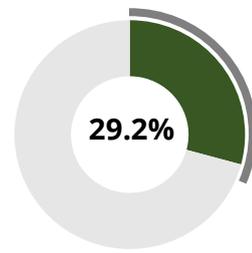


Education ^[4]

High school degree or higher
persons 25+ yrs. old
U.S. average: 87.7%



Bachelor's degree or higher
persons 25+ yrs. old
U.S. average: 31.5%





More information on Florida*



State information

Infoplease.com: <http://www.infoplease.com/states.html>

Official state website: <http://www.myflorida.com/>



Government information:

Governor: <http://www.flgov.com/>

State and Local Government on The Net: <http://www.statelocalgov.net/>

U.S. Senators from the state: <http://www.senate.gov/senators/contact/>

U.S. Representatives from the state: <https://www.house.gov/representatives>



Election 2020

270twin.com: <http://www.270twin.com/states>

Rock the Vote – voting information: <https://www.rockthevote.org/voting-information/>

Vote.org – voter registration rules: <https://www.vote.org/voter-registration-rules/>



Statistics

Quick Facts from the US Census Bureau (select state): <https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/>

Economic Policy Institute – The Unequal States of America: <https://epi.org/108519>



Media



Media Collection by the U.S. Embassy:

<http://usa.usembassy.de/media.htm>



50states.com – Local newspapers:

<http://www.50states.com/news>



OfficialUSA.com – Local TV stations:

<http://www.officialusa.com/stateguides/media/television/states.html>



Democrats and Republicans in the state

Democratic Party



<http://fladems.com>

<http://www.facebook.com/FlaDems>

<https://www.youtube.com/fladems>

<https://twitter.com/fladems>

Republican Party

<http://rpof.org/>

<http://www.facebook.com/FloridaGOP>

<http://www.youtube.com/floridagop>

<https://twitter.com/floridagop>

* For most web-resources, you will have to select your state from a list or type in your state name in a search field. Please note, these are third-party resources, Teach About U.S. is not responsible for this content.

Sources: 1. State map: [Wikimedia Commons](#); 2. Voting history text: adapted from [270twin.com](#); 3. U.S. election history: [David Leip's Election Atlas](#); 4. Ethnicity, economy, and education data: [U.S. Census Bureau](#); 5. Religion data: [Pew poll: How religious is your state?](#); 6. Wealth and income inequality data: [Economic Policy Institute – The Unequal States of America](#).